




TEST REPORT IEC 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems	
Report Reference No.....:	GZES191102777131
Date of issue.....:	2019-12-04
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Name of Testing Laboratory preparing the Report.....:	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Applicant's name.....:	Guangzhou Tianxin Photoelectric Co., Ltd.
Address.....:	#15-1, JinGu Road South, Xiu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong
Test specification:	
Standard.....:	IEC 62471:2006
Test procedure.....:	Test report
Non-standard test method.....:	N/A
Test Report Form No.....:	IEC62471B
TRF Originator.....:	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF.....:	Dated 2018-08-16
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Test item description		High Density Series
Trade Mark		—
Manufacturer.....		Same as applicant
Model/Type reference.....		TX-2728W
Ratings		5,4 ADC, 22,5 V, 120 W
Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and test results		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Testing Laboratory:	SGS-CSTC Standards Tech Guangzhou Branch
Testing location/ address.....		198 Kezhu Road, Science C Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Tested by (name, function, signature)		Zick Wu / Project Engineer <i>Zick Wu</i>
Approved by (name, function, signature) ...:		Alex Tan / Reviewer <i>Alex Tan</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 1:	N/A
Testing location/ address.....		
Tested by (name, function, signature)		
Approved by (name, function, signature) ...:		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 2:	N/A
Testing location/ address.....		
Tested by (name + signature)		
Witnessed by (name, function, signature)..:		
Approved by (name, function, signature) ...:		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 3:	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	Testing procedure: CTF Stage 4:	N/A
Testing location/ address.....		
Tested by (name, function, signature)		
Witnessed by (name, function, signature)..:		
Approved by (name, function, signature) ...:		
Supervised by (name, function, signature) :		

List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment): Attachment 1: Photo documentation (total 1 page).	
Summary of testing: The product was tested under 5,4 ADC and belongs to RG3 according to IEC 62471: 2006.	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause): All applicable test items.	Testing location: 198 Kezhu Road, Science City, Economic & Technology Development Area, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed): EU Group differences	
Copy of marking plate: The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective NCBs that own these marks. —	
Test item particulars:	
Tested lamp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> continuous wave lamps <input type="checkbox"/> pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	—
Lamp classification group	<input type="checkbox"/> exempt <input type="checkbox"/> risk 1 <input type="checkbox"/> risk 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> risk 3
Lamp cap	—
Bulb.....	—
Rated of the lamp.....	—
Furthermore marking on the lamp	—
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	—
Used measurement instrument	—
Temperature by measurement	25 °C ± 5 °C
Information for safety use	—

<p>Possible test case verdicts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - test case does not apply to the test object.....: N/A - test object does meet the requirement.....: P (Pass) - test object does not meet the requirement.....: F (Fail) 			
<p>Testing:</p> <p>Date of receipt of test item: 2019-11-26</p> <p>Date (s) of performance of tests: 2019-11-27 to 2019-12-04</p>			
<p>General remarks:</p> <p>"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.</p> <p>Throughout this report a <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> comma / <input type="checkbox"/> point is used as the decimal separator.</p> <p>This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service, available on request or accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions/Terms-e-Document.aspx. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 30 days only.</p>			
<p>Manufacturer's Declaration per sub-clause 4.2.5 of IECEE 02:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"> The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided ...: </td> <td style="width: 40%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable </td> </tr> </table>		The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided ...:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable
The application for obtaining a CB Test Certificate includes more than one factory location and a declaration from the Manufacturer stating that the sample(s) submitted for evaluation is (are) representative of the products from each factory has been provided ...:	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable		
<p>When differences exist; they shall be identified in the General product information section.</p>			
<p>Name and address of factory (ies): Same as applicant</p>			
<p>General product information and other remarks:</p> <p>The product can emit cool white light when powered.</p>			

IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		P
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		P
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds $10^4 \text{ cd}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$	see clause 4.3	P
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		F
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		P
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is $30 \text{ J}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ within any 8-hour period		P
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, E_s , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
			P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		P
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s} \text{ s}$		P
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		P
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed $10000 \text{ J}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$ for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E_{UVA} , shall not exceed $10 \text{ W}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}$.		P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		P
			P
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		P
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance, L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P

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	$L_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_t L_\lambda(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 10^6 \quad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t = 10 ⁴ s	P
		for t > 10 ⁴ s	N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source		N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E _B , weighted against the blue-light hazard function B() shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	N/A
	$E_B \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} E_\lambda \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 1 \quad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	for t = 100 s	N/A
		for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		F
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L _B , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R() (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		F
	$L_B \cdot t = \sum_{1400}^{1400} L_\lambda \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 50000 \quad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}$	(10 μs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	F
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		N/A
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N/A
		t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		P
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E _{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		P
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 180 \quad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	t = 1000 s	P
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		N/A
	$E_{IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_\lambda \cdot \Delta\lambda \leq 100 \quad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	t > 1000 s	N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		P
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		P
	$E_H \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_t E_\lambda(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 20\,000 \cdot t^{0,25} \quad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		P
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS		P
5.1	Measurement conditions		P
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		P
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		P
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		P
5.1.4	Lamp operation		P
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		P
	– the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A
	– the manufacturer' s recommendation		P
5.1.5	Lamp syste	rl	

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
5.2.2.1	Standard method		P
	The measurements made with an optical system.		P
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		P
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		P
	The determination of θ , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		P
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of t , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		P
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		P
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		P
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		P
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	P
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		P
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	P
	– for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		N/A
	– for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm		P
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		P

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
6.1.1	Except Group		N/A
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		N/A
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor		N/A
	– a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor		N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		N/A
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s		N/A
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 10000 s, nor		N/A
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N/A
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor		N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		P
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		P
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A
	– a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	– for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group		N/A
	– for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.1		Spectral weighting function for assessing ultraviolet hazards for skin and eye		P
Wavelength ¹ λ , nm	UV hazard function $S_{uv}(\lambda)$	Wavelength λ , nm	UV hazard function $S_{uv}(\lambda)$	
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050	
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350	0,00020	
280*	0,880	355	0,00016	
285	0,770	360	0,00013	
290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
295	0,540	370	0,000093	
297*	0,460	375	0,000077	
300	0,300	380	0,000064	
303*	0,120	385	0,000053	
305	0,060	390	0,000044	
308	0,026	395	0,000036	
310	0,015	400	0,000030	

¹ Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 4.2	Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical sources	P
Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	$10^{[(450-\lambda)/50]}$	1,0
600-700	0,001	1,0
700-1050		$10^{[(700-\lambda)/500]}$
1050-1150		0,2
1150-1200		$0,2 \cdot 10^{0,02(1150-\lambda)}$
1200-1400		0,02

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4 Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)					P
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance $W \cdot m^{-2}$
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_S = E \cdot S(\) \cdot$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = E \cdot$	315 – 400	1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	$E_B = E \cdot B(\) \cdot$	300 – 700	100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = E \cdot$	780 – 3000	1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0.75} 100
Skin thermal	$E_H = E \cdot$	380 – 3000	< 10	2 sr	20000/t ^{0.75}

Table 5.5 Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)					P
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radiance $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$
Blue light	$L_B = L \cdot B(\) \cdot$	300 – 700	0,25 – 10 10-100 100-10000 10000	0,011 • (t/10) 0,011 0,0011 • t 0,1	10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100
Retinal thermal	$L_R = L \cdot R(\) \cdot$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011 • (t/10)	50000/(• t ^{0,25}) 50000/(• t ^{0,25})
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	$L_{IR} = L \cdot R(\) \cdot$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000/

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1 Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps N/A


Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement		
				Exempt	Low risk	Mod risk

Attachment 1: Photo documentation

Details of: View for product

View:

- general
- front
- rear
- right
- left
- top
- bottom



Details of: View for product

View:

- general